

IFIAR 2025 Member Profile - FRC

1. Jurisdiction	1.1 Insert the name of the jurisdiction in English:	
	Mauritius	
2. Member ¹	2.1 Insert the name of the Member, both in the local language and in English:	
	Financial Reporting Council (FRC)	
	2.2 Include relevant contact information, including postal address, telephone number(s), a general email address (if any) and a link to the Member's website:	
	3 rd Floor Anglo Mauritius House	
	Intendance Street	
	Port Louis Mauritius	
	<u>Tel.</u> : 230 2136800 <u>Fax</u> : 230 2136900	
	Email: Secretariat@frcmauritius.org Website: http://frc.govmu.org	
	2.3 Include the basis for establishment of the Member, as well as the legislation or regulations which provide the Member the authority/mandate with respect to audit regulation. Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the mission and responsibilities of the Member with respect to audit regulation:	
	FRC was established for the purpose of the Financial Reporting Act to regulate auditors.	
	Our Vision:	
	To be a model organization ensuring quality in auditing, financial and non-financial reporting.	
	Our Mission:	
	To bring corporate confidence in auditing, financial and non-financial reporting among users of financial statements.	
	Our Objects as per Financial Reporting Act 2004:	

¹ In the case where there are two or more regulators from the same jurisdiction that have been approved according to Section 2.3 of the IFIAR Charter, they together are considered as one Member. In that case, regulators are requested to include information for <u>both organizations</u> in the Member Profile.

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	 (i) To promote the provision of high-quality reporting of financial and non-financial information by public interest entities; (ii) To promote the highest standards among licensed auditors; (iii) To enhance the credibility of financial reporting; and (iv) To improve the quality of accountancy and audit services 	
	Our Functions:	
	 (i) Licensing of Auditors (ii) Registration of Audit Firms (iii) Audit Practice Review (iv) Financial / Non-Financial Reporting Review (v) Standards Review 	
	2.4 Please indicate whether the Member has responsibility for the	
	following tasks within the area of Audit Oversight:	
	☑ Licensing ☑ Registration	
	☑ Audit and/or Ethics Standard Setting☐ Permanent Education / Continous Training of Auditors	
	☑ Inspection ☑ Enforcement	
	□ Other:	
3. Governing Body Composition and members	3.1 Describe with an appropriate level of detail the current composition of the Member's governing body, including, where possible, the names, the organization they represent (if any) and brief backgrounds of the governing body members, or provide a link to a page on your website where this information is provided.	
	The Board of FRC is constituted as per Section 7(1) of the Financial Reporting Act, where new members are ex-officio members. Section 7(1) of the Financial Reporting Act states the following:	
	(1) The Council shall consist of-	
	 (a) a Chairperson suitably qualified and experienced in the field of business, finance, accountancy or law to be appointed by the Prime Minister; (b) a Deputy Governor of the Bank of Mauritius; (c) the Chief Executive of the Financial Services Commission; 	
	(c) the Chief Executive of the Financial Services Commission; (ca) a representative of the Ministry responsible for the financial	



- (d) the Registrar of Companies;
- (e) an elected member of the Mauritius Institute of Professional Accountants;
- an academic from a tertiary education institution, knowledgeable in accounting and financial reporting matters to be appointed by the Minister;
- a professional from the financial services sector suitably qualified and experienced in the field of business, finance or law who shall be appointed by the Minister;
- (h) the Chairperson of the Mauritius Institute of Professional Accountants;
- (i) the Chairperson of the Mauritius Institute of Directors;
- (j) a representative of the National Committee on Corporate Governance, to be designated by the Minister.

As per Section 7 of the Financial Reporting Act, the Council shall not, at any one time, consist of more than 2 members who are licensed auditors.

At present, there are 11 members (including 1 licensed auditor) and the Chief Executive Officer who attends the meetings.

3.2 What are the eligibility criteria / requirements and composition requirements for the members of the governing body? E.g. Does national legislation require representatives on the governing body from certain organizations, or with specific experience, etc.

It is constituted by Section 7 of the Financial Reporting Act, as set out above in 3.1.

Section 7 of the Financial Reporting Act requires the following with respect to constitution of the Council:

- (1) The Council shall consist of—
 - (a) a Chairperson suitably qualified and experienced in the field of business, finance, accountancy or law, who shall be appointed by the Prime Minister;
 - (b) a Deputy Governor of the Bank of Mauritius;
 - (c) the Chief Executive of the Financial Services Commission;
 - (ca) a representative of the Ministry responsible for financial services:
 - (d) the Registrar of Companies;
 - (e) an elected member of the Mauritius Institute of Professional Accountants;
 - (f) an academic from a tertiary education institution,



	knowledgeable in accounting and financial reporting matters, who shall be appointed by the Minister;	
	 (g) a professional from the financial services sector suitably qualified and experienced in the field of business, finance or law, who shall be appointed by the Minister; 	
	(h) the Chairperson of the Mauritius Institute of Professional Accountants;	
	(i) the Chairperson of the Mauritius Institute of Directors;	
	(j) a representative of the National Committee on Corporate Governance, to be designated by the Minister.	
	Membership of the Council reflects a wide and balanced representation among regulators, professionals, academia and other stakeholders of corporate reporting and governance. The Chairman of the FRC is appointed by the Prime Minister.	
	3.3 Is there a restriction or recusal process that is applicable to members of the governing body of the Member who are current or former auditors/practitioners?	
	□ Yes ☑ No	
	Does this include a "cooling-off" period for former auditors?	
	□ Yes ☑ No	
	If yes to either of the above, please describe:	
4. Independence safeguards	4.1 Please describe the national independence requirements for the governing body and its members, and legal or regulatory requirements/provisions in place that safeguard their independence from the audit profession.	
	The member who is not independent from the audit profession, does not have voting rights. Also, the term of office for this member is one year as per law.	
	As per law, every member shall hold office for a period of 3 years. A member may be re-appointed but may not serve for more than 6 out of every 8 years.	
	The Chairperson of the Board is an independent member.	
	Are employees of the Member covered by the same or separate set of independence requirements?	
	☑ Same set of requirements ☐ Different set of requirements	



	If there are separate independence requirements for employees, please describe:
	4.2 Are there any additional safeguards in place that provide for the Member's overall independence from the audit profession? E.g. through the appointment process, specific Board actions, etc.
	□ Yes ☑ No
	If yes, please describe:
5. Funding Arrangements	5.1 Describe the main funding arrangements of the Member, including the setting and approval of the budget:
	FRC falls under the aegis of the Ministry of Financial Services, Good Governance and Institutional Reforms. The funding is fully on grant received from the government.
	The budget is prepared by FRC and presented to the Ministry for approval.
	As per law, every board member shall be paid such fees as the Council may, with the approval of the Minister, determine.
	5.2 Is the funding free from undue influence by the profession?
	☑ Yes □ No
	Please describe with an appropriate level of detail the safeguards in place to prevent undue influence by the profession:
	Management prepares annual estimates based on the activities and resources required to fulfil the functions of the Financial Reporting Council. After internal discussions and approval of the Council, same is submitted to the Ministry of Financial Services and Good Governance for consideration. Discussions are held with the Ministry of Financial Services and Good Governance on the budget proposals and thereby the Ministry of Financial Services and Good Governance approves the budget which is presented to the parliament together with the national budget.
	The budget is funded totally by the Government of Mauritius.
6. Audit Market	6.1 Provide the number of audit firms subject to inspections. Include an indication of the number of public interest audits (PIEs) and other audits that fall under the Member's oversight or mandate.
	Licensed Auditors 225



Number of registered audit firms: 109

Number of public interest entities (PIEs): 550 (Approximately)

6.2 Please describe the sizes (in terms of revenue / number of listed entity clients / number of partners and audit staff / etc. – whichever measure is commonly used and available in your jurisdiction) and market shares of each of the largest audit firms in the Member's jurisdiction.

FRC has the records of number of partners and Public Interest Entities (Listed and non listed PIEs) in each large audit firms which is provided below:

Number of Partners

Firms	Number of	Non-Licensed	Total
	Partners	Partners	
	Licensed by FRC		
Ernst & Young	14	2	16
KPMG	12	3	15
PwC	16	5	21
Grant Thornton	4	1	5
Deloitte	9	2	11
BDO & Co	12	0	12

Number of Public Interest Entities (PIEs)

Firms	Listed Entities	Other PIEs	Total
		(Excluding	
		Listed Entities)	
Ernst & Young	13	80	93
KPMG	18	59	77
PwC	17	61	78
Grant Thornton	1	21	22
Deloitte	2	14	16
BDO & Co	7	57	64

7. Inspection Syste	m	ì
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7.1 Does the Member have the responsibility for recurring inspections of audit firms undertaking audits of public interest entities (PIEs)?

☑ Yes □ No

7.2 Is this responsibility undertaken directly or through oversight of inspection conducted by another organization?

☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight



If directly, please describe the responsibility, including the follow-up and reporting process, and the regulatory measures available to be taken as a result of inspections (if described in Question 12 Enforcement, please reference that section for details on such measures).

If through oversight of another organization, please describe with an appropriate level of detail the other organization, its relation to the Member, its role, and the arrangements for oversight by the Member:

The basis for the direct responsibility for inspections is provided in the law.

The FRC has the power to conduct practice reviews which is provided for under Section 77 of the Financial Reporting Act which stipulates the following:

- (1) The Council, or any officer authorised by it in writing, may review the practice of an auditor and may, for that purpose—
 - (a) inspect any relevant book, document and record in the possession, or under the control of the auditor, his partner or employee and make copies of or take any abstract of or extract from any such book, document and record; and
 - (b) seek information or clarification from any partner or employee of the auditor.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), every auditor shall, at the request of the Council, or any officer authorised by it in writing, produce any relevant book, document or record in his possession or under his control for the purposes of subsection (1).
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be taken to compel the production by an auditor of a book, document, record or material containing—
 - (a) any information which is confidential under the Banking Act or any other enactment; and
 - (b) a privileged communication by or to a legal practitioner in that capacity,

except in so far as the disclosure of the information is made according to law.

The practice review is conducted in line with the APR Rules 2008 (amended in 2012) established by the Council under the Financial Reporting Act.

FRC has other functions other than practice reviews. Each function in terms of methodology and material requirements is well established. In this sense, we may say that FRC has a separate inspection unit. However, due to limited resources, FRC does not have full-time inspectors to conduct



the practice reviews. The person practice reviews and the other f	onnel (full time staff of FRC) conduct both functions of FRC.
_	re Review Panel are presented to the Audit ed under the Financial Reporting Act.
The Audit Practice Review recommendations to the Enforce	Panel shall submit its findings and ement Panel for consideration.
findings and recommendations Enforcement Panel recommend cancellation, warning or fine. In	ines the appropriate action based on the of the Audit Practice Review Panel. The sthe sanctions which is either suspension, a some cases, a letter of concern is issued. It of concern, a follow-up review is carried e.
the Enforcement Panel, ratify,	s of receipt of the determination made by vary or make such other decision as it shall give written notice to the licensed e may be, of its final decision.
	an appropriate level of detail the garding the frequency of inspections:
inspected annually, whilst licens on a 3-year cycle. Licensed audi	by licensed auditors from big firms are led auditors from other firms are inspected itors having public interest entities, banks, entities are reviewed more frequently.
from the professional bod independent contractors, etc. tick the boxes that apply: (multiple)	its own inspection staff, use reviewers y or sub-contract to third parties, for the conduct of inspections? Please Itiple responses allowed) Note that there is loyee reviewers are used very occasionally pach.
☑ Employees of the Member	☐ Professional body
☐ Third Parties	□ Other
Please explain below:	
Employees carry out the inspect presented to the Audit Practice	tion, and the report on the inspections are Review Panel for consideration.



8. Licensing	8.1 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Licensing</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Licensing conducted by another organization?
	☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight
	If directly, please describe the responsibility, including any changes, with an appropriate level of detail.
	If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition. Also, give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedure applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
	FRC is wholly responsible for the licensing and registration of auditors, that is it receives the application, processes the application, assesses the application, approves the application and issues the license.
	The licensing process is provided in the Financial Reporting Act and the Licensing Rules established under the Financial Reporting Act.
9. Registration	9.1 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Registration</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Registration conducted by another organization?
	☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight
	If directly, please describe the responsibility, including any changes, with an appropriate level of detail.
	If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also, give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedure applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
	FRC is wholly responsible for the licensing and registration of auditors, that is it receives the application, processes the application, assesses the application, approves the application and issues the license. The Council shall maintain a register of licensed auditors and audit firms as required by the law.
	The licensing and registration processes are provided in the Financial Reporting Act and the Licensing Rules established under the Financial Reporting Act.
10. Audits and/or Ethics Standard Setting	10.1 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Audit and/or Ethics Standard Setting</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Audit and/or Ethics Standard Setting conducted by another organization?



	☑ Directly ☐ Through Oversight
	If directly, please describe the responsibility, including any changes, with an appropriate level of detail.
	If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also, give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
	As per law, FRC has the power to set auditing and ethical standards, however, at present the jurisdiction adopts the International Standards on Auditing and the IFAC Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by IFAC.
11. Permanent Education / Continuous Training of Auditors	11.1 If the Member has the responsibility for Permanent Education / Continuous Training of Auditors, please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through oversight of Permanent Education / Continuous Training of Auditors conducted by another organization?
	☐ Directly ☐ Through Oversight
	If directly, please describe the responsibility, including any changes, with an appropriate level of detail.
	If through oversight, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also, give a description of the powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.
	Not applicable
12. Enforcement	12.1 If the Member has the responsibility for <u>Enforcement</u> , please indicate whether this responsibility is undertaken directly or through referral to other organization(s)?
	☑ Directly ☐ Through Referral
	If directly, please describe the responsibility and procedures applied (including investigations, disciplinary actions or sanctions), as well as the reporting process for disciplinary action.
	If through referral, please indicate the name of the other organization and its composition (i.e. whether practitioners from the audit profession are involved in decision-making). Also, give a description of the enforcement powers of the other organization and procedures applied, as well as the role of the Member in these procedures.



FRC has the power to enforce which is provided for under Section 21 of the Financial Reporting Act. For that purpose, FRC has an Enforcement Panel established under Section 17 of the Financial Reporting Act which has the mandate to determine the appropriate action to be taken after considering the findings and recommendations of the Audit Practice Review Panel (this panel has the role to conduct the practice reviews under Section 20 of the Financial Reporting Act). Of note, 'action' is interpreted as sanction. The Enforcement Panel shall inform the Council of any determination made, and the Council notifies the auditor of its final decision (that is the Council has the power to impose the sanctions on the auditors). The process of enforcement is provided under Section 21 of the Financial Reporting Act which stipulates the following: (1) The Enforcement Panel shall, as soon as practicable, consider any findings and recommendations referred to it by the Financial Reporting Monitoring Panel, the Audit Practice Review Panel, or the Council and shall, on the basis of the findings and recommendations, determine the appropriate action to be taken. (2) Where the Enforcement Panel makes a determination under subsection (1), it shall inform the Council thereof. (3) The Council shall, within 30 days of receipt of the determination under subsection (2), ratify, vary or make such other decision as it considers appropriate and it shall give written notice to the public interest entity, licensed auditor or audit firm, as the case may be, of its final decision. 13. Other Responsibilities 13.1 If the Member has the responsibility for other tasks within the area in Audit Oversight or of Audit Oversight or Audit Regulation, please describe with an **Audit Regulation** appropriate level of detail: Not applicable 14. Main Other 14.1 Please describe with an appropriate level of detail, the Responsibilities of the responsibility of the Member for tasks outside the area of audit Member <u>outside</u> the oversight or audit regulation such as supervision of financial area of Audit Oversight reporting or securities regulation: or Audit Regulation Yes, as per Section 76 of the Financial Reporting Act, FRC has the responsibility to review the annual reports of the public interest entities. Section 75 of the Financial Reporting Act requires every PIE to comply with IFRS and the National Code of Corporate Governance. In this regard, FRC reviews the annual reports to ensure that same is in compliance with the Financial Reporting Act.



	Also, Section 18 of the Financial Reporting Act establishes the Standards Review Panel which has the role to prepare Guidance on International Standards for the Licensed Auditors and Public Interest Entities.
15. Member Update for public information (if any)	15.1 Are there any major news, activities, events or updates (on audit matters, the Member's organization, the governing legislation or the authority/responsibilities) that you wish to keep the public informed of since completing last year's Member Profile? ☐ Yes ☑ No If yes, please describe these changes with an appropriate level of detail: